

“A short potter through 21 years of software er, engineering”

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Overview



- Nostalgia ain't what it used to be
- Things I'm not very happy about
- Things I'm quite excited about

1984

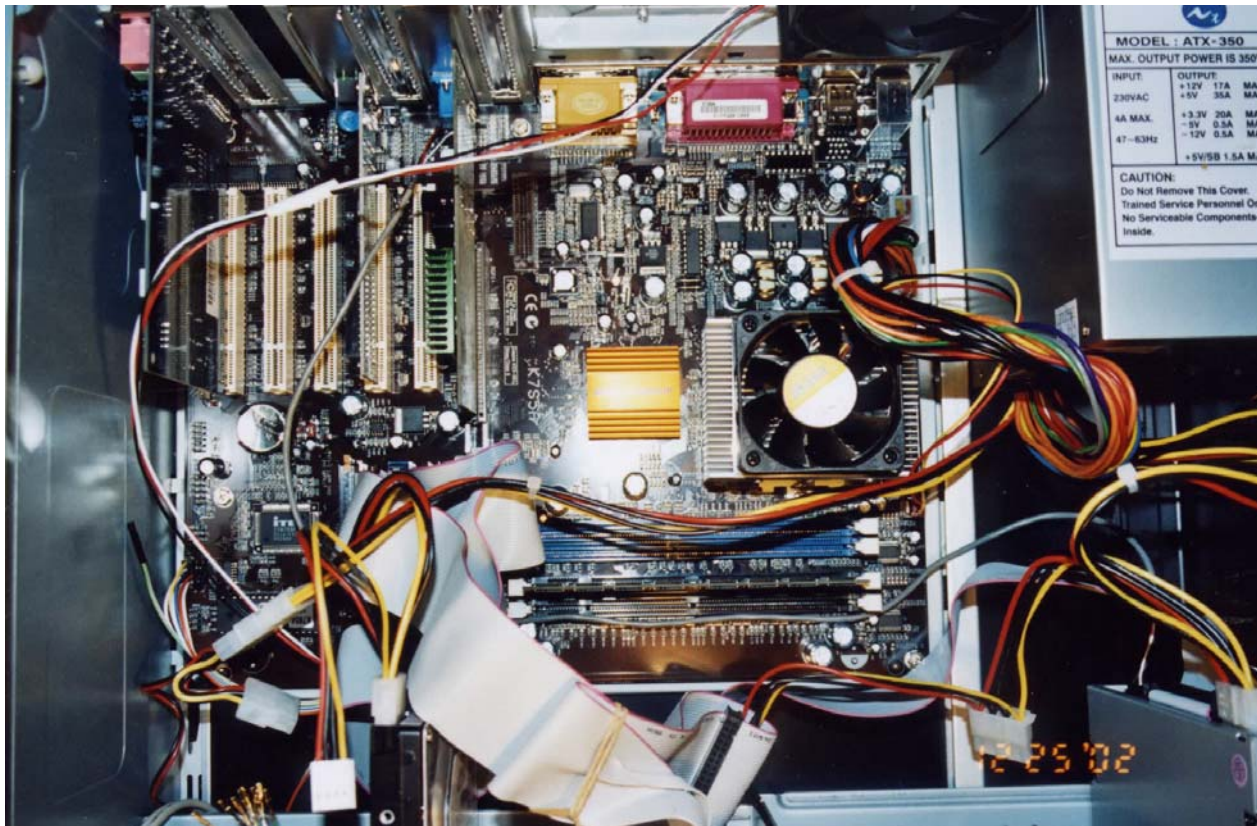


Mine 8-)



Its big brother :-)

2005



Build your own .. http://www.leshatton.org/lxf37_pc.html

Old and new



1984

- Cray X MP, **0.5 sec.**

2005

- Hand-built 200 quid PC with bits from a computer fair, **0.044 sec.**

If you have a Fortran compiler, feel free to download the benchmark from:-

http://www.leshatton.org/FB_885.html

1984



Technology

- Mostly Fortran 77, some C. Embedded systems, assembler.
- Command line and Problem Oriented Languages. Interfaces relatively unambitious although sometimes legendarily terse.
- Seismic data processing package ~ 500,000 LOC was pretty big then.
- Defect density ~0.9 per KLOC, MTBF 4 weeks at Cray volumes (both asymptotic)

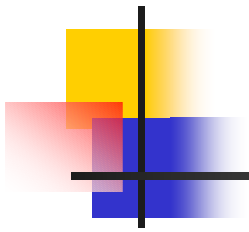
2005



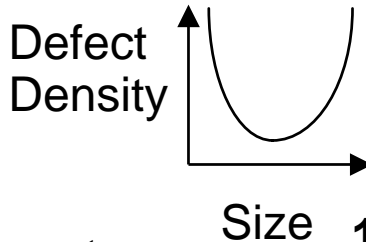
Technology

- Mostly languages based on C, (C++, PHP, Perl, Java, Javascript, ...)
- Networked systems
- Highly complex graphical interfaces
- Windows XP is around 35 Million LOC
- Defect density ~2.0-4.0 per KLOC.

1984-2005 a personal view



1989-1995



1990-92:

T1: ~10 static faults/KLOC in F77, C. (C++ worse)

1990-1993:

T2: 9-version dynamic experiment. Only 1 sig. fig. agreement left at end.

1996:

O-O/C++ has 2x defect correction cost.

1998-1999:

Why do we have so much repetitive failure in software ?

1999-:

Necessary and unnecessary complexity

1997:

Compression and accuracy

2002-:

Embedded system paranoia to test arithmetic

2001--:

Thermodynamic properties of software failure

1995-1999:

Win'95 1 defect every 42 mins.
Mac - 1 defect every 188 mins.
Linux - Almost never.

1984-1988:

Porting same F77 package gave 4 sig.fig. agreement on different platforms.

1995-7:

Formal methods better ? – Sometimes. Static fault highly correlated to dynamic failure.

1997:

N-version might be better than we thought

2000-2003:

Formalisation of safer Subsets and definition of signal to noise.

2003-:

Gives up and joins **blues band**

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Things I'm not very happy about



- Reliability
- Increasing obfuscation. Is parsimony now a sin ?
- Language decay

Reliability



1984

- VAX/VMS MTBF of > 4 years.
- Unix systems, MTBF > 2-4 years

Reliability



2005

- VAX/VMS MTBF of > 4 years.
- Linux systems, MTBF > 5-10 years

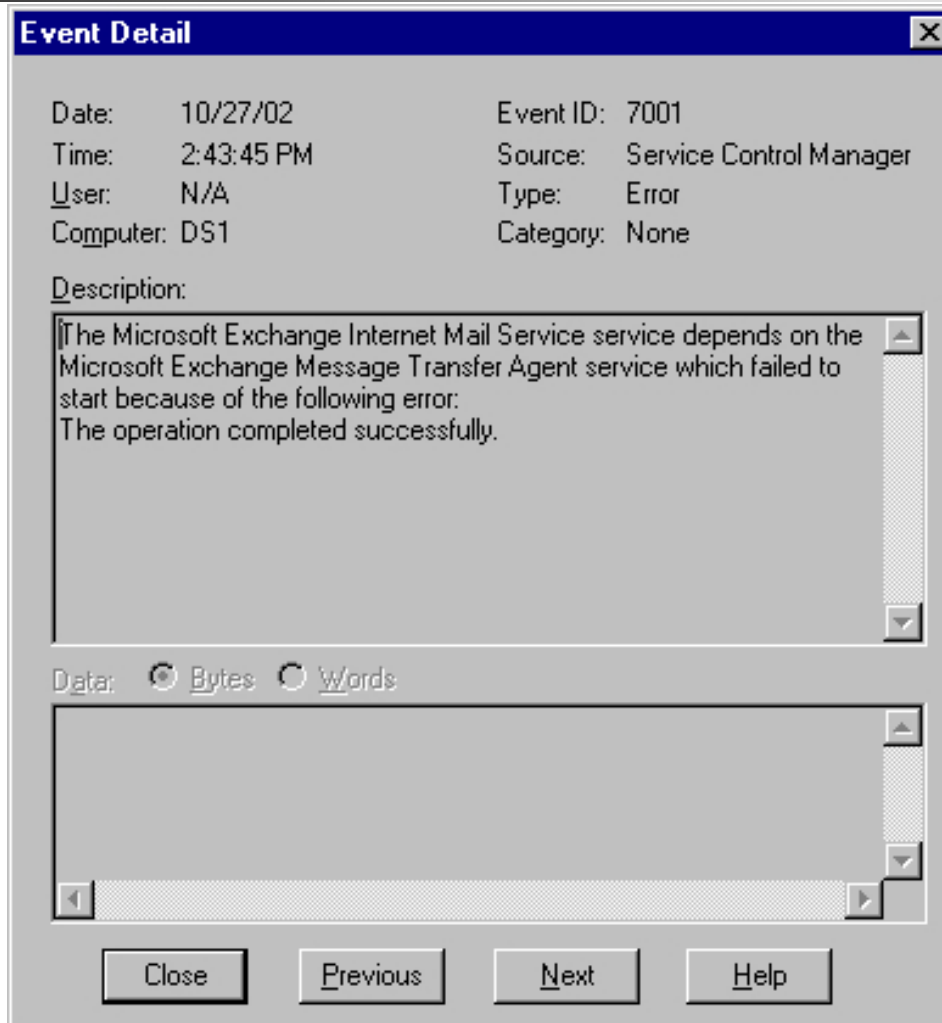
So what do we all use ...

WINDOZE !

06/01/2005

- Blue screen of Death crashes Gates at CES

WINDOZE !



Fortunately nobody would be stupid enough to put this in a critical system.

WINDOZE !



06/09/2004

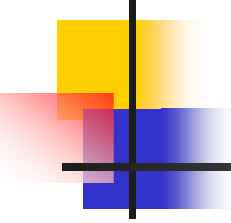
- Royal Navy to run warships on Windows 2000.

This follows on from the deployment of Windows NT on the USS Enterprise in 1997 which then had to be rebooted frequently and occasionally towed to port.

22/09/2004

- Total air-traffic failure at Los Angeles after Unix system replacement Windows 2000 server hung because they forgot to reboot it frequently enough. The Unix systems had never failed

Security

- 
- Recovering a tainted Windows XP machine ...
 - Even disc scan failed. To save disc, mount in firewire caddy and back up under Unix. (3 hrs)
 - Reformat hard disc (1 hr)
 - Contact supplier to find XP Home CD is 70 quid *\$&%^*** !
 - Reload from own disc and restore (4 hrs)
 - Install ZoneAlarm, download upgrades, service packs, security fixes, (10 hrs)
 - Norton anti-virus now fights it out with XP SP2 for privilege of protecting us, and *switches off messages to avoid duplicates*
 - ZoneAlarm informs us that it has blocked 54 intrusion attempts whilst we were downloading upgrades.

Conclusion



We live in an era when software reliability is considered a joke.

This is not an appropriate culture within which to develop critical systems.



Things I'm not very happy about

- Reliability
- Increasing obfuscation. Is parsimony now a sin ?
- Language decay

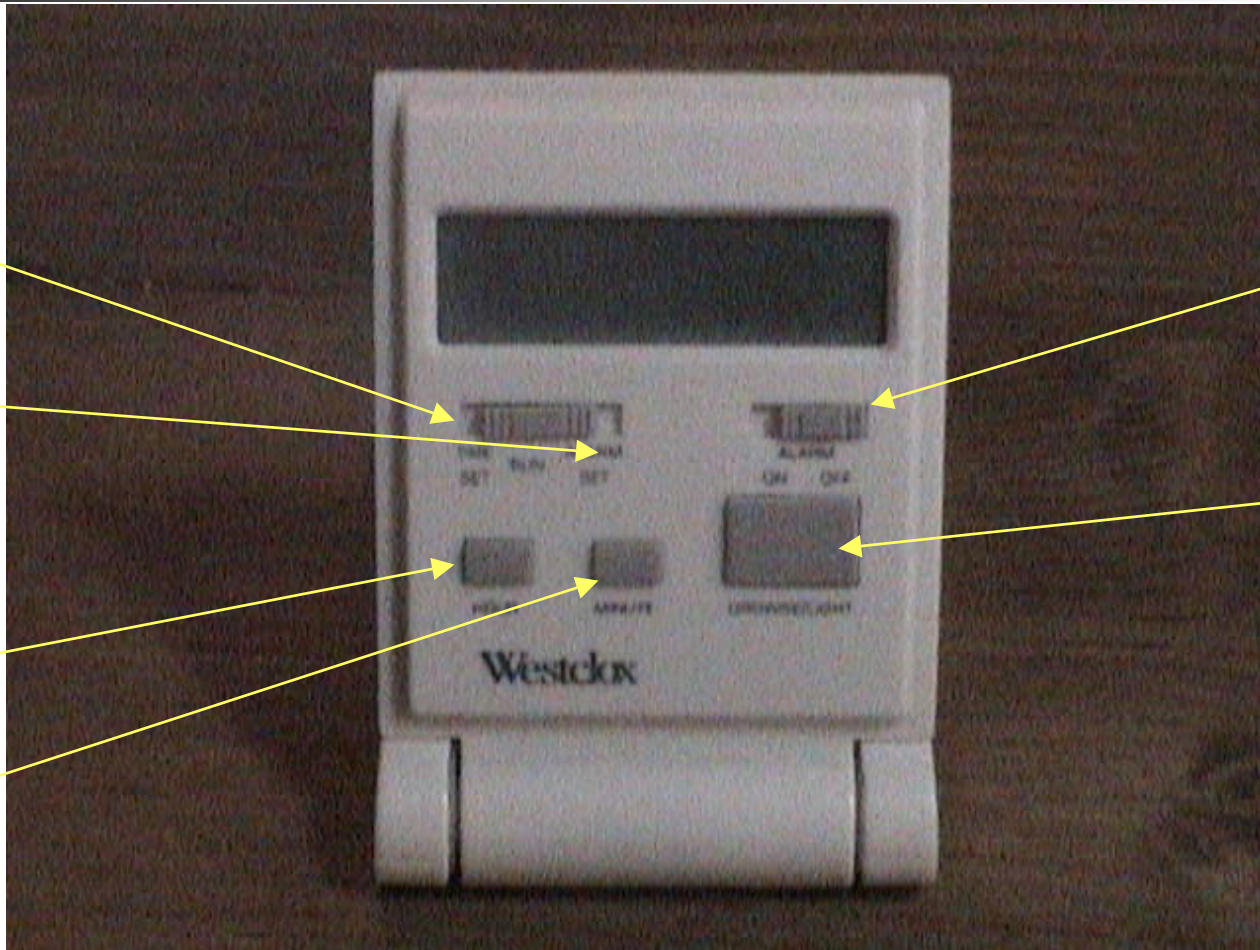
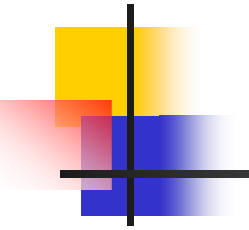
A tale of two alarm clocks



■ Alarm clock 1

- Purchased 5 years ago and faultless ever since.
- Staggeringly simple and intuitively obvious interface which has never required the instructions to be consulted.

A tale of two alarm clocks – the sublime



Time set

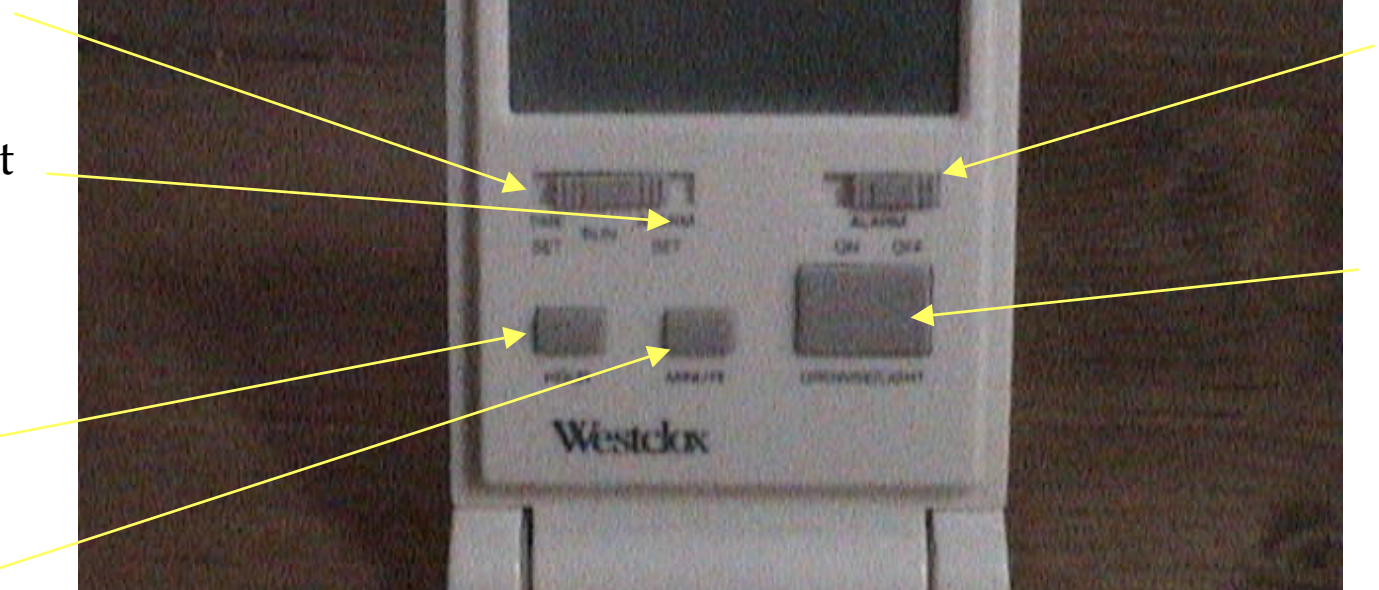
Alarm set

Hour

Minute

Alarm
On/off

Drowse



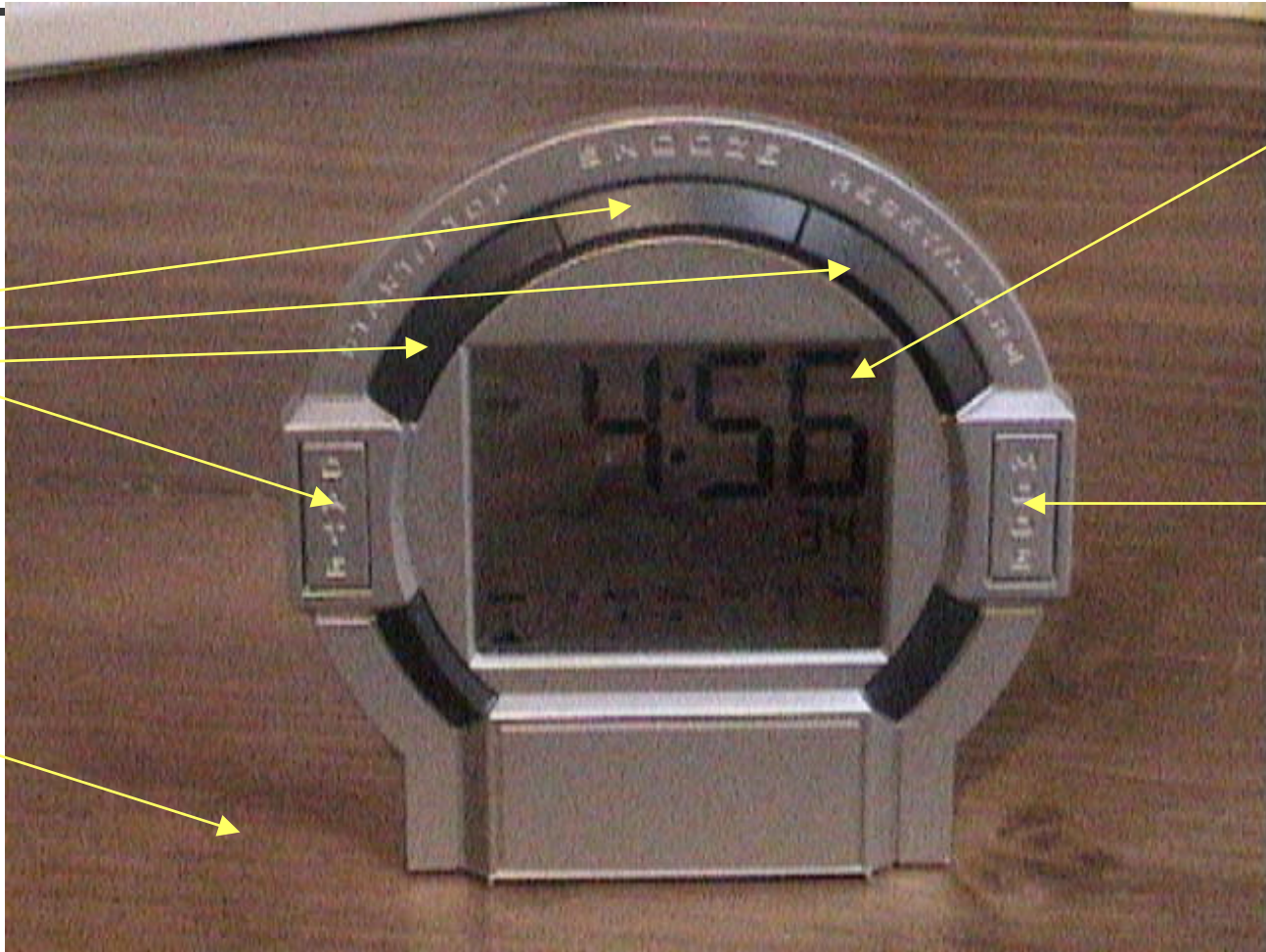
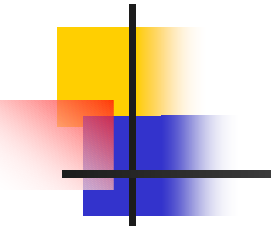
A tale of two alarm clocks



- Alarm clock 2

- Purchased 1 year ago and frequently resets itself
- Staggeringly complex and intuitively non-obvious interface.

A tale of two alarm clocks – the ridiculous



More
buttons

Desk

Random
numbers

Mode
- ARGH !

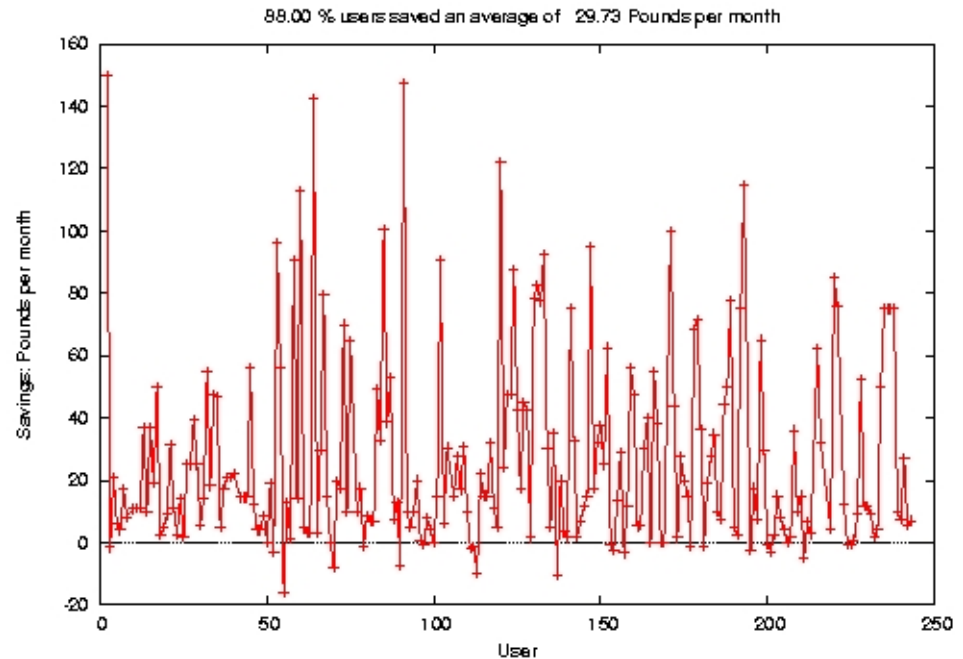
A tale of two alarm clocks

- Alarm clock 2 – some examples
 - Time setting
 - Press MODE button THREE times. Press SELECT and SET repeatedly.
 - Alarm setting
 - Press MODE button TWO times. Then follow time setting.
 - Hourly chime on/off
 - Press SELECT and MODE button *simultaneously*
 - Alarm on
 - Press DATE and SELECT button *simultaneously*
 - Stop watch / lap counter
 - Press MODE button ONCE and then beg for mercy as clock gibbers with entertaining series of random beeps.
 - Turning alarm off
 - Hurl out of window after standing on clock screaming.

Obfuscation in mobile phone charges

UK Results 2Q04

Illustrates the natural
growth of complexity
when technology allows



Fuzzy global optimisation
web server finding minimum
phone charges

Average saving £29.73 per month

<http://www.betterdeal.co.uk/>

Obfuscated interfaces ...



Automobile industry:

- 06/02/2005. Whole string of problems, shaking Mercedes, Ford that bakes back seat passengers ...

<http://www.nytimes.com/2005/02/06/automobiles/06AUTO.html>

- 26/10/2004. BMW disables dynamic stability control and ABS. Two police drivers vindicated after investigation.

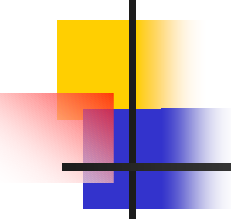
<http://www.daserste.de/plusminus/beitrag.asp?iid=254>

Things I'm not very happy about



- Reliability
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of Babel The thrives Tower still

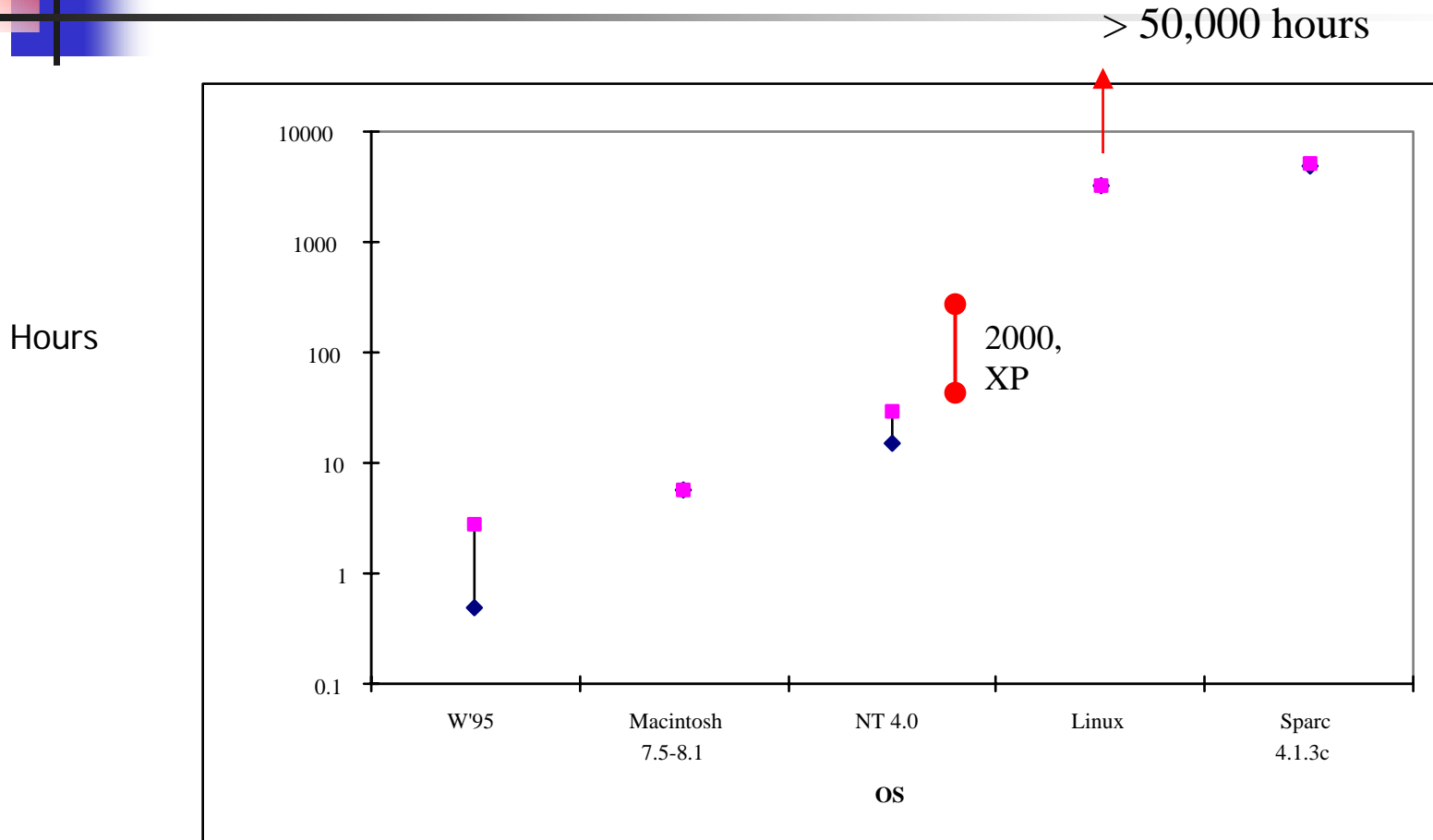
- 
- Note the following:-
 - In the 1980s and 1990s we kept pace with the language committees in subsetting to exclude unsafe features through measurement.
 - We've now lost the race. ISO C99 is appalling, C++99 is arguably worse and I have recently seen my first critical system in Perl.
 - Dat's why I sing da blues.

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OS Reliability and Open Source



Mean Time Between Failures of various operating systems

Other good signs ...



- Note the following:-
 - The CSR is still here after 21 years
 - Much greater awareness of the responsibilities
 - Much better formalisation although pointless bureaucracy remains a continuing threat
 - The MSc at York and other academic initiatives

(However, beware of the legal environment ...)

Reference site



For more information, downloadable papers and software, see:-

<http://www.leshatton.org/>

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